MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is dated May 11, 2021 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 for a full understanding of the financial position and results of operations of Crescent Point Energy Corp. (the "Company" or "Crescent Point").

The unaudited consolidated financial statements and comparative information for the period ended March 31, 2021 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), specifically International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

STRUCTURE OF THE BUSINESS

The principal undertaking of Crescent Point is to carry on the business of acquiring, developing and holding interests in petroleum and natural gas properties and assets related thereto through a general partnership and wholly owned subsidiaries. Amounts in this report are in Canadian dollars unless noted otherwise. References to "US\$" are to United States ("U.S.") dollars.

Overview

The Company's first quarter results were positively impacted by the continued recovery in benchmark oil prices and narrower differentials. The Company reported first quarter net income of \$21.7 million and adjusted net earnings of \$95.1 million, compared to a net loss of \$2.32 billion and adjusted net earnings of \$48.7 million in the first quarter of 2020. Net debt was also reduced by \$135.8 million through excess cash flow generated during the quarter, resulting in net debt of \$2.01 billion at March 31, 2021.

Production volumes totaled 119,384 boe/d during the quarter, down 16 percent from 141,330 boe/d during the first quarter of 2020. With the collapse in commodity prices in 2020, the Company significantly reduced its capital development program which has resulted in lower production volumes. In the first quarter of 2021, development capital spending totaled \$119.2 million with the drilling of 65 (64.6 net) wells, targeted towards the Company's major operating areas.

The Company remained active with its hedging portfolio during the quarter, protecting against commodity price volatility. As of the date of this report, the Company has over 40 percent of its oil and liquids production, net of royalty interest, hedged through the remainder of 2021.

Subsequent to the quarter, the Company successfully closed the acquisition of Kaybob Duvernay assets in Alberta from Shell Canada Energy on April 1, 2021, as previously announced. The acquisition includes production of approximately 30,000 boe/d, weighted 65 percent towards condensate and liquids, and approximately 500 net sections of land in the Kaybob area. The transaction is in line with the Company's core principles and is also expected to enhance the Company's free cash flow profile. Crescent Point remains committed to strengthening its balance sheet and sustainability in 2021 and will also continue to evaluate opportunities to further enhance its asset portfolio through strategic acquisitions and dispositions.

Results of Operations

Production

	Tr	Three months ended March 31		
	2021	2020	% Change	
Crude oil (bbls/d)	95,276	111,928	(15)	
NGLs (bbls/d)	13,319	17,493	(24)	
Natural gas (mcf/d)	64,732	71,451	(9)	
Total (boe/d)	119,384	141,330	(16)	
Crude oil and NGLs (%)	91	92	(1)	
Natural gas (%)	9	8	1	
Total (%)	100	100	_	

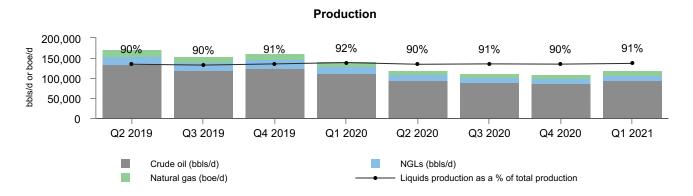
The following is a summary of Crescent Point's production by area:

	Thi	Three months ended March 31		
Production By Area (boe/d)	2021	2020	% Change	
Saskatchewan	82,384	102,210	(19)	
Alberta	14,043	17,113	(18)	
United States	22,957	22,007	4	
Total	119,384	141,330	(16)	

Total production averaged 119,384 boe/d during the first quarter of 2021 compared to 141,330 boe/d in the first quarter of 2020. The 16 percent decrease was primarily due to a significantly reduced development capital program in response to the global pandemic and the collapse in crude oil prices in 2020.

The Company's weighting to crude oil and natural gas liquids ("NGLs") production has remained relatively consistent with the comparative period.

Exhibit 1



Marketing and Prices

	Th	Three months ended March 31		
Average Selling Prices (1)	2021	2020	% Change	
Crude oil (\$/bbl)	65.17	49.21	32	
NGLs (\$/bbl)	37.70	17.28	118	
Natural gas (\$/mcf)	4.50	3.03	49	
Total (\$/boe)	58.65	42.64	38	

(1) The average selling prices reported are before realized commodity derivatives and transportation.

	Thre	e months end	led March 31
Benchmark Pricing	2021	2020	% Change
Crude Oil Prices			
WTI crude oil (US\$/bbl) (1)	57.80	46.08	25
WTI crude oil (Cdn\$/bbl)	73.16	61.94	18
Crude Oil Differentials			
LSB crude oil (Cdn\$/bbl) (2)	(6.33)	(10.42)	(39)
FOS crude oil (Cdn\$/bbl) (3)	(11.87)	(18.37)	(35)
UHC crude oil (US\$/bbl) (4)	(1.93)	(2.25)	(14)
Natural Gas Prices			
AECO daily spot natural gas (Cdn\$/mcf) (5)	3.12	2.04	53
AECO monthly index natural gas (Cdn\$/mcf)	2.93	2.14	37
NYMEX natural gas (US\$/mmbtu) (6)	2.69	1.95	38
Foreign Exchange Rate			
Exchange rate (US\$/Cdn\$)	0.790	0.744	6

- (1) WTI refers to the West Texas Intermediate crude oil price.
- (2) LSB refers to the Light Sour Blend crude oil price.
- (3) FOS refers to the Fosterton crude oil price, which typically receives a premium to the Western Canadian Select price.
- (4) UHC refers to the Sweet at Clearbrook crude oil price.
- (5) AECO refers to the Alberta Energy Company natural gas price.
- (6) NYMEX refers to the New York Mercantile Exchange natural gas price.

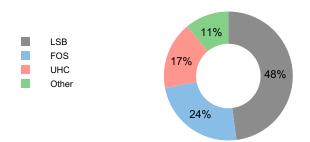
Crude oil prices continued to rebound in the first quarter with improving fundamentals, market optimism generated by COVID-19 vaccinations and the continuation of coordinated supply cuts by OPEC. The US\$ WTI benchmark price increased 25 percent on average during the first quarter of 2021, compared to the same period in 2020.

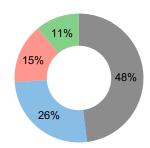
Natural gas prices were stronger due to increased heating demand from colder winter temperatures, higher industrial demand and lower inventory levels from cuts to producer capital budgets in 2020. The growth in oil sands activity, which requires natural gas, also increased demand in Alberta to record highs in the first quarter of 2021. The AECO daily benchmark price was 53 percent higher in the first quarter of 2021 compared to the same period in 2020.

U.S. natural gas prices were also higher on average in the first quarter of 2021 due to increased heating demand and the recovery of LNG demand which was significantly impacted in the prior year by demand losses from the COVID-19 pandemic and high global inventory levels. The NYMEX benchmark gas price was 38 higher in the first quarter of 2021 compared to the same period in 2020.

Crude Oil Stream Exposure - Q1 2021

Crude Oil Stream Exposure - Q1 2020





Canadian crude oil differentials narrowed in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to increased demand from downstream refiners, and lower inventory levels in the U.S. and Canada due to industry wide production shut-ins and reduced capital activity throughout 2020.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company's average selling price for crude oil increased 32 percent from the same period in 2020, primarily due to the 25 percent increase in the US\$ WTI benchmark price and a narrower corporate oil price differential. Crescent Point's corporate oil differential relative to Cdn\$ WTI for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$7.99 per bbl compared to \$12.73 per bbl in the first quarter of 2020.

In the first quarter of 2021, the Company's average selling price for NGLs more than doubled, from \$17.28 per bbl in the first quarter of 2020 to \$37.70 per bbl. The increase in average selling prices for NGLs was primarily due to the increase in US\$ WTI, an increase in propane benchmark prices and stronger differentials on condensate.

The Company's average selling price for natural gas for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased 49 percent from \$3.03 per mcf in the first quarter of 2020 to \$4.50 per mcf, primarily as a result of the 53 percent increase in the AECO daily benchmark price.

Exhibit 3

Crude Oil Prices - Canadian Operations

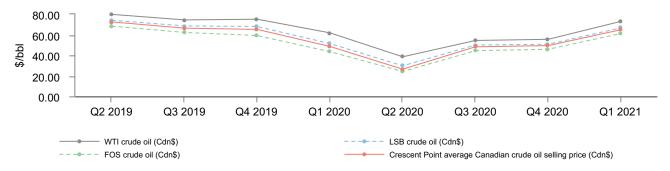
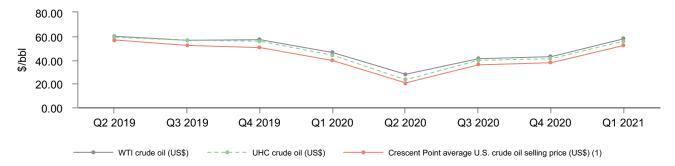


Exhibit 4

Crude Oil Prices - U.S. Operations



(1) Excludes Uinta Basin assets sold in October 2019.

Commodity Derivatives

Management of cash flow variability is an integral component of Crescent Point's business strategy. Crescent Point regularly monitors changing business and market conditions while executing its strategic risk management program. Crescent Point proactively manages the risk exposure inherent in movements in the price of crude oil, natural gas, interest rates, the Company's share price and the US/Cdn dollar exchange rate through the use of derivatives with investment-grade counterparties.

The Company's crude oil and natural gas derivatives are referenced to WTI and the AECO monthly index, respectively, unless otherwise noted. Crescent Point utilizes a variety of derivatives, including swaps, collars, and put options to protect against downward commodity price movements while also providing the opportunity for some upside participation during periods of rising prices. This reduces the volatility of the selling price of crude oil and natural gas production and provides a measure of stability to the Company's cash flow. See Note 17 - "Financial Instruments and Derivatives" in the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021 for additional information on the Company's derivatives.

The following is a summary of the realized commodity derivative gains (losses):

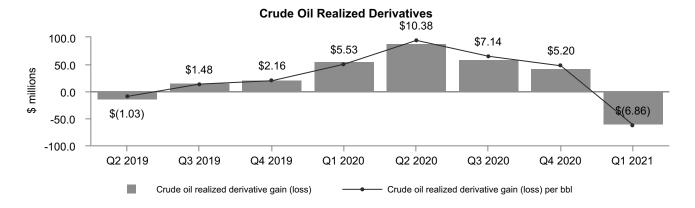
	Three months ended March 31		ded March 31
(\$ millions, except volume amounts)	2021	2020	% Change
Average crude oil volumes hedged (bbls/d) (1)	57,000	60,500	(6)
Crude oil realized derivative gain (loss) (1)	(58.8)	56.3	(204)
per bbl	(6.86)	5.53	(224)
Average natural gas volumes hedged (GJ/d) (2)	25,000	_	
Natural gas realized derivative loss	(0.9)	_	_
per GJ	(0.15)	_	_
Average barrels of oil equivalent hedged (boe/d) (1)	60,949	60,500	1
Total realized commodity derivative gains (losses) (1)	(59.7)	56.3	(206)
per boe	(5.55)	4.38	(227)

⁽¹⁾ The crude oil realized derivative gain (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2021 includes the realized derivative gains and losses on financial price differential contracts. The average crude oil volumes hedged and average barrels of oil equivalent hedged do not include the hedged volumes related to financial price differential contracts.

The Company recorded a \$58.8 million realized derivative loss for crude oil for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to a realized derivative gain of \$56.3 million in the first quarter of 2020. The realized derivative loss in the first quarter of 2021 was largely attributable to the increase in the Cdn\$ WTI benchmark price and the decrease in the Company's average derivative crude oil price. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company's average derivative crude oil price decreased by \$10.47 per bbl, from \$72.17 per bbl in the first quarter of 2020 to \$61.70 per bbl in the first quarter of 2021.

Crescent Point's realized derivative loss for gas was \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 due to the higher average AECO monthly index price compared to the Company's average derivative gas price of \$2.38 per GJ.

Exhibit 5



The following is a summary of the Company's unrealized commodity derivative gains (losses):

	Th	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	% Change	
Crude oil	(82.2)	258.6	(132)	
Natural gas	(1.0)	_	_	
Total unrealized commodity derivative gains (losses)	(83.2)	258.6	(132)	

⁽²⁾ GJ/d is defined as gigajoules per day.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recognized a total unrealized derivative loss of \$83.2 million on its commodity contracts compared to an unrealized derivative gain of \$258.6 million in the first quarter of 2020. The unrealized derivative loss in the first quarter of 2021 was primarily attributable to crude oil contracts and reflects the increase in the Cdn\$ WTI forward benchmark prices at March 31, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020.

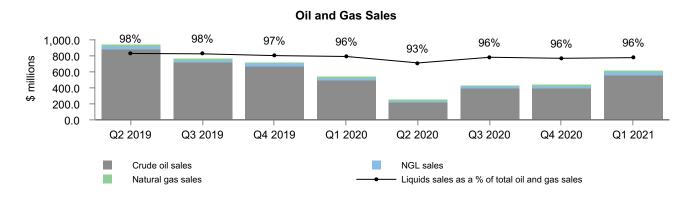
Oil and Gas Sales

	Tł	Three months ended March 31	
(\$ millions) ⁽¹⁾	2021	2020	% Change
Crude oil sales	558.8	501.3	11
NGL sales	45.2	27.5	64
Natural gas sales	26.2	19.6	34
Total oil and gas sales	630.2	548.4	15

⁽¹⁾ Oil and gas sales are reported before realized commodity derivatives.

Total oil and gas sales increased by 15 percent from \$548.4 million in the first quarter of 2020 to \$630.2 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in realized crude oil prices, partially offset by lower production.

Exhibit 6

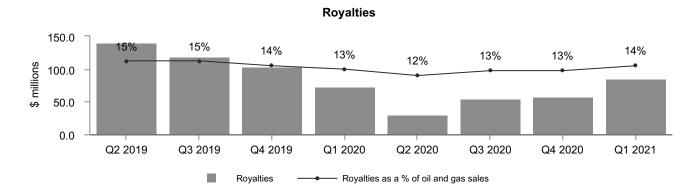


Royalties

	Tł	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except % and per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Royalties	85.7	73.0	17	
As a % of oil and gas sales	14	13	1	
Per boe	7.98	5.68	40	

Royalties increased 17 percent in the first quarter of 2021, largely due to the 15 percent increase in oil and gas sales. Royalties as a percentage of oil and gas sales increased slightly in the first quarter of 2021 compared to the same period in 2020, reflecting higher benchmark oil prices which increased crown royalty rates.

Exhibit 7



Operating Expenses

	Th	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Operating expenses	142.6	158.3	(10)	
Per boe	13.27	12.31	8	

Operating expenses decreased 10 percent in the first quarter of 2021 due to cost savings recognized from the continued roll-out of the Company's operational technology ("OT") platform, partially offset by higher third party processing fees. On a per boe basis, operating expenses were 8 percent higher primarily due to lower production volumes.

Exhibit 8



Transportation Expenses

	Thi	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Transportation expenses	25.1	28.8	(13)	
Per boe	2.34	2.24	4	

Transportation expenses decreased 13 percent in the first quarter of 2021 primarily due to lower production volumes. Transportation expenses per boe increased by \$0.10 per boe or 4 percent primarily due to higher pipeline tariffs.

Exhibit 9



Transportation expenses per boe

Transportation expenses

Transportation Expenses

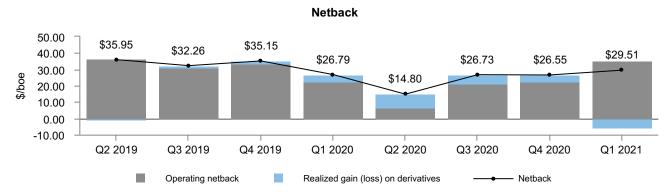
Netback

	Three months ended Ma		
	2021	2020	
	Total ⁽²⁾	Total (2)	
	(\$/boe)	(\$/boe)	% Change
Average selling price	58.65	42.64	38
Royalties	(7.98)	(5.68)	40
Operating expenses	(13.27)	(12.31)	8
Transportation expenses	(2.34)	(2.24)	4
Operating netback (1)	35.06	22.41	56
Realized gain (loss) on commodity derivatives	(5.55)	4.38	(227)
Netback (1)	29.51	26.79	10

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other entities. Refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section in this MD&A for further information.

The Company's operating netback for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased 56 percent to \$35.06 per boe from \$22.41 per boe in the first quarter of 2020. The increase in the Company's operating netback was primarily due to the increase in average selling price, partially offset by higher royalties. The increase in the Company's netback was the result of the increase in the operating netback, partially offset by the realized loss on commodity derivatives.

Exhibit 10



General and Administrative Expenses

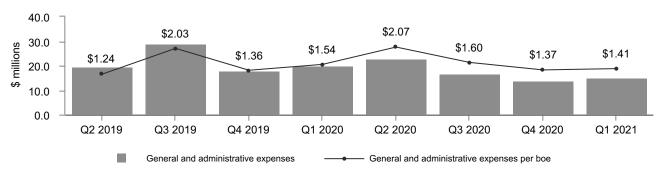
	Three	Three months ended March 3		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Gross general and administrative expenses	28.1	41.7	(33)	
Overhead recoveries	(5.6)	(7.8)	(28)	
Capitalized	(7.3)	(9.4)	(22)	
Total general and administrative expenses	15.2	24.5	(38)	
Transaction costs	(0.1)	(4.7)	(98)	
General and administrative expenses	15.1	19.8	(24)	
Per boe	1.41	1.54	(8)	

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses decreased by 24 percent from \$19.8 million in the first quarter of 2020 to \$15.1 million in the first quarter of 2021. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower employee costs and lower professional fees from cost reduction initiatives, partially offset by lower overhead recoveries resulting from lower production and capital spending levels.

On a per boe basis, G&A expenses decreased 8 percent in the first quarter of 2021 due to the reduction in total G&A discussed above, partially offset by a decrease in production volumes.

⁽²⁾ The dominant production category for the Company's properties is crude oil. These properties include associated natural gas and NGL volumes, therefore, the total operating netback and netback have been presented.

General and Administrative Expenses



Interest Expense

	Thre	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Interest expense on long-term debt	23.9	27.3	(12)	
Unrealized gain on CCS - interest and interest derivative contracts	(0.1)	(17.8)	(99)	
Interest expense	23.8	9.5	151	
Per boe	2.22	0.74	200	

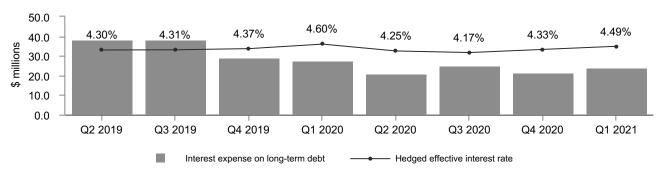
Interest expense on long-term debt decreased 12 percent in the first quarter of 2021 primarily due to lower debt balances with the Company's ongoing focus on balance sheet strength.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recognized a \$0.1 million unrealized gain on interest rate derivatives compared to \$17.8 million in the first quarter of 2020. The unrealized gain in the first quarter of 2021 was primarily due to a higher floating interest rate on the Company's interest derivative contracts at March 31, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020, partially offset by the impact of the stronger Canadian dollar at March 31, 2021 as compared to December 31, 2020 on the interest payments related to the Company's cross currency swaps ("CCS").

Crescent Point manages its interest rate exposure through a combination of interest rate swaps and a debt portfolio including short-term floating rate bank debt and long-term fixed rate senior guaranteed notes. At March 31, 2021, approximately 100 percent of the Company's long-term debt, including the impact of related derivatives, had fixed interest rates.

Exhibit 12

Interest Expense on Long-term Debt



Foreign Exchange Gain

	Three	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	% Change	
Realized gain (loss) on CCS - principal	(13.6)	62.0	(122)	
Translation of US dollar long-term debt	25.5	(197.9)	(113)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on CCS - principal and foreign exchange swaps	(9.1)	142.1	(106)	
Other	(1.4)	2.6	(154)	
Foreign exchange gain	1.4	8.8	(84)	

Crescent Point has US dollar denominated debt, including short-term London Inter-bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") loans under its bank credit facilities and US dollar senior guaranteed notes. The Company hedges its foreign exchange exposure using a combination of CCS and foreign exchange swaps. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company realized a \$13.6 million loss on CCS related to LIBOR loan maturities.

The Company records foreign exchange gains or losses on the period end translation of US dollar long-term debt and related accrued interest. Crescent Point recorded a foreign exchange gain of \$25.5 million on the translation of US dollar long-term debt and accrued interest in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared to a foreign exchange loss of \$197.9 million in the first quarter of 2020. The foreign exchange gain from the translation of US dollar long-term debt and accrued interest in the first quarter of 2021 was attributable to a stronger Canadian dollar at March 31, 2021 as compared to December 31, 2020.

The Company recognized an unrealized loss on foreign exchange derivatives of \$9.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 compared to an unrealized gain of \$142.1 million in the same period of 2020. The unrealized loss in the first quarter of 2021 reflects the impact of the stronger forward Canadian dollar at March 31, 2021 as compared to December 31, 2020 on the Company's CCS.

Share-based Compensation Expense (Recovery)

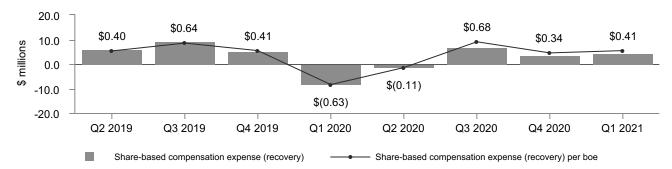
	Three	Three months ended March 3		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Share-based compensation costs	31.1	(8.4)	(470)	
Realized gain on equity derivative contracts	(9.7)	_	_	
Unrealized gain on equity derivative contracts	(10.5)	_	_	
Capitalized	(6.5)	0.3	(2,267)	
Share-based compensation expense (recovery)	4.4	(8.1)	(154)	
Per boe	0.41	(0.63)	(165)	

The Company recorded share-based compensation ("SBC") costs of \$31.1 million in the first quarter of 2021 compared to a recovery of \$8.4 million in the first quarter of 2020. The higher SBC costs in the first quarter of 2021 primarily relates to an increase in the fair value of cash-settled plans as a result of the increase in the Company's share price.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$10.5 million on equity derivative contracts, primarily due to the increase in the Company's share price at March 31, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020. The Company also recognized a realized gain of \$9.7 million on an equity derivative contract which matured during the quarter.

Exhibit 13

Share-based Compensation Expense (Recovery)



The following table summarizes the number of Restricted Shares, Employee Share Value Plan ("ESVP") awards, Performance Share Units ("PSUs"), Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") and stock options outstanding:

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Restricted Share Bonus Plan (1)	4,344,190	3,080,145
Employee Share Value Plan	10,252,056	_
Performance Share Unit Plan (2)	5,843,263	4,602,334
Deferred Share Unit Plan	1,314,624	335,873
Stock Option Plan (3)	5,928,149	2,748,049

- (1) At March 31, 2021, the Company was authorized to issue up to 14,704,927 common shares (March 31, 2020 9,209,668 common shares).
- (2) Based on underlying units before any effect of performance multipliers.
- (3) At March 31, 2021, the weighted average exercise price is \$3.91 per share (March 31, 2020 \$7.55 per share).

As of the date of this report, the Company had 4,239,696 restricted shares, 6,770,162 ESVP awards, 5,843,263 PSUs, 1,432,575 DSUs and 6,403,819 stock options outstanding.

Depletion, Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment

	T	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except per boe amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Depletion and depreciation	136.8	235.2	(42)	
Amortization of exploration and evaluation undeveloped land	13.8	21.7	(36)	
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	150.6	256.9	(41)	
Impairment	_	3,557.8	(100)	
Depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment	150.6	3,814.7	(96)	
Per boe, before impairment	14.02	19.97	(30)	
Per boe	14.02	296.61	(95)	

The Company's depletion, depreciation and amortization ("DD&A") rate before impairment for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$14.02 per boe, compared to \$19.97 per boe in the first quarter of 2020. The 30 percent decrease in the DD&A rate per boe in the first quarter of 2021 was primarily due to the impairment expense booked in the first quarter of 2020, which reduced the value of the Company's property, plant and equipment ("PP&E").

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company recorded impairment expense of \$3.56 billion on its development and production assets primarily due to the significant decrease in forecast benchmark commodity prices.

Exhibit 14





Taxes

	TI	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	% Change	
Current tax expense	_	_	_	
Deferred tax expense (recovery)	7.0	(605.2)	(101)	

Current Tax Expense

In the first quarters of 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded current tax expense of nil. Refer to the Company's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 for information on the Company's expected tax horizon.

Deferred Tax Expense (Recovery)

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded deferred tax expense of \$7.0 million compared to a deferred tax recovery of \$605.2 million in the first quarter of 2020. The deferred tax expense in the first quarter of 2021 reflects the pre-tax income recorded in the period. The deferred tax recovery in 2020 primarily relates to the pre-tax loss resulting from the impairment expense recognized, partially offset by the change in estimate for future usable tax pools.

Cash Flow from Operating Activities, Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations, Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted Net Earnings from Operations

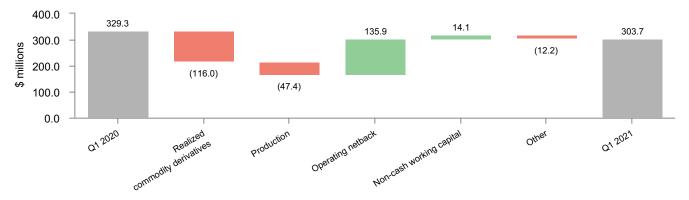
	Thre	e months end	ed March 31
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	2021	2020	% Change
Cash flow from operating activities	303.7	329.3	(8)
Adjusted funds flow from operations (1)	262.7	309.5	(15)
Net income (loss)	21.7	(2,324.1)	(101)
Net income (loss) per share - diluted	0.04	(4.40)	(101)
Adjusted net earnings from operations (1)	95.1	48.7	95
Adjusted net earnings from operations per share - diluted (1)	0.18	0.09	100

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other entities. Refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section in this MD&A for further information.

Cash flow from operating activities decreased from \$329.3 million in the first quarter of 2020 to \$303.7 million in the first quarter of 2021. Changes in cash flow from operating activities were due to fluctuations in adjusted funds flow from operations ("FFO"), working capital, decommissioning expenditures and transaction costs.

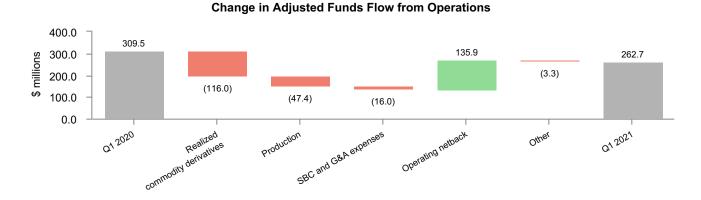
Exhibit 15

Change in Cash Flow from Operating Activities



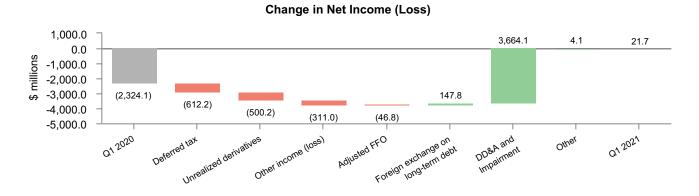
The Company's adjusted FFO decreased in the three months ended March 31, 2021 to \$262.7 million, compared to \$309.5 million in the first quarter of 2020. The decrease is primarily a result of the realized commodity derivative loss and the lower production volumes, partially offset by a higher operating netback.

Exhibit 16



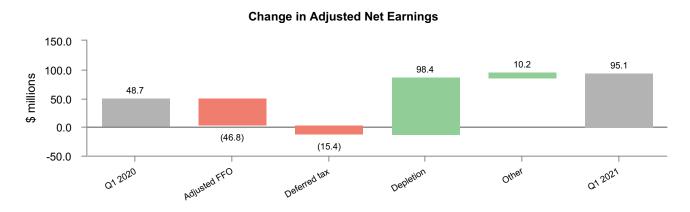
In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company reported net income of \$21.7 million compared to a net loss of \$2.32 billion in the same period in 2020, primarily as a result of the decrease in impairment expense and the unrealized foreign exchange gain on long-term debt, partially offset by fluctuations in deferred taxes, the unrealized derivative loss, other loss and lower adjusted FFO. In the first quarter of 2021, the Company recorded net income per share - diluted of \$0.04 compared to a net loss per share - diluted of \$4.40 in the first quarter of 2020.

Exhibit 17



The Company's adjusted net earnings from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$95.1 million compared to \$48.7 million in the first quarter of 2020, primarily due to the decrease in depletion, partially offset by the decrease in adjusted FFO and fluctuations in deferred taxes. Adjusted net earnings from operations per share - diluted for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased to \$0.18 from \$0.09 in the first quarter of 2020.

Exhibit 18



Dividends

	Т	Three months ended March 31		
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	2021	2020	% Change	
Dividends declared to shareholders	1.3	5.3	(75)	
Dividends declared to shareholders per share	0.0025	0.0100	(75)	

Capital Expenditures

	Thre	Three months ended Mar		
(\$ millions)	2021	2021 2020 % C		
Capital acquisitions	_	1.4	(100)	
Capital dispositions	(7.2)	(506.9)	(99)	
Development capital expenditures	119.2	320.1	(63)	
Land expenditures	0.9	8.0	13	
Capitalized administration (1)	13.6	9.4	45	
Corporate assets	0.7	1.2	(42)	
Total	127.2	(174.0)	(173)	

⁽¹⁾ Capitalized administration excludes capitalized equity-settled SBC.

Capital Acquisitions and Dispositions

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company completed minor property dispositions for total net consideration of \$7.2 million, resulting in a loss of \$17.3 million. These minor property dispositions were completed with full tax pools and no working capital items.

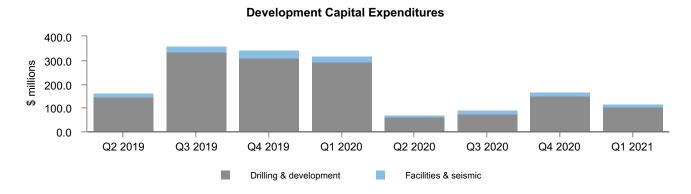
In the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company's Saskatchewan gas infrastructure disposition closed for consideration of \$500.0 million, resulting in a gain of \$301.7 million.

Development Capital Expenditures

The Company's development capital expenditures for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$119.2 million, compared to \$320.1 million in the same period in 2020. In the first quarter of 2021, 65 (64.6 net) wells were drilled and \$13.6 million was spent on facilities and seismic.

Refer to the Guidance section in this MD&A for Crescent Point's development capital expenditure guidance for 2021.

Exhibit 19



Lease Liability

At March 31, 2021, the Company had \$151.7 million of lease liabilities for contracts related to office space, fleet vehicles and equipment.

Decommissioning Liability

The decommissioning liability decreased by \$86.5 million in the first quarter of 2021, from \$1.02 billion at December 31, 2020 to \$936.2 million at March 31, 2021. The decrease primarily relates to changes in inflation and discount rate estimates. The liability was based on estimated undiscounted and uninflated cash flows to settle the obligation of \$980.3 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

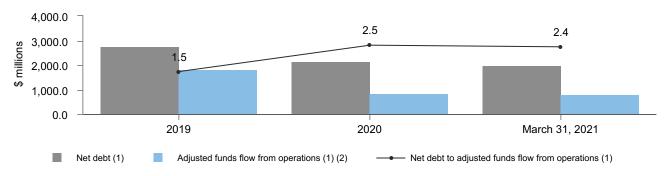
Capitalization Table (\$ millions, except share, per share, ratio and percent amounts)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Net debt (1)	2,013.4	2,149.2
Shares outstanding	530,368,769	530,035,922
Market price at end of period (per share)	5.24	2.97
Market capitalization (1)	2,779.1	1,574.2
Enterprise value (1)	4,792.5	3,723.4
Net debt as a percentage of enterprise value	42	58
Adjusted funds flow from operations (1) (2)	827.6	874.4
Net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations (1)	2.4	2.5

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other entities. Refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section in this MD&A for further information.

At March 31, 2021, Crescent Point's enterprise value was \$4.79 billion and the Company was capitalized with 58 percent equity compared to \$3.72 billion and 42 percent at December 31, 2020, respectively. The Company's net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations ratio at March 31, 2021 decreased to 2.4 times from 2.5 times at December 31, 2020, largely due to the reduction in net debt.

Exhibit 20

Net Debt to Adjusted Funds Flow from Operations (1)



- (1) Non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other entities. Refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section in this MD&A for further information.
- (2) The sum of adjusted funds flow from operations for the trailing four quarters.

The Company has combined revolving credit facilities of \$3.00 billion, including a \$2.90 billion syndicated unsecured credit facility with fourteen banks and a \$100.0 million unsecured operating credit facility with one Canadian chartered bank. The current maturity date of the facilities is October 25, 2023. As at March 31, 2021, the Company had approximately \$308.1 million drawn on bank credit facilities, including \$5.0 million outstanding pursuant to letters of credit, leaving unutilized borrowing capacity of approximately \$2.72 billion including cash of \$24.0 million.

The Company has made private offerings of senior guaranteed notes raising total gross proceeds of US\$1.26 billion and Cdn\$270.0 million. The notes are unsecured and rank *pari passu* with the Company's bank credit facilities and carry a bullet repayment on maturity. Crescent Point entered into various CCS and foreign exchange swaps to hedge its foreign exchange exposure on its US dollar long-term debt.

⁽²⁾ The sum of adjusted funds flow from operations for the trailing four quarters.

The Company is in compliance with all debt covenants at March 31, 2021 which are listed in the table below:

Covenant Description	Maximum Ratio	March 31, 2021
Senior debt to adjusted EBITDA (1) (2)	3.5	2.5
Total debt to adjusted EBITDA (1)(3)	4.0	2.5
Senior debt to capital (2) (4)	0.55	0.44

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as earnings before interest, taxes, depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment, adjusted for certain non-cash items. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated on a trailing twelve month basis adjusted for material acquisitions and dispositions.
- (2) Senior debt is calculated as the sum of amounts drawn on the combined facilities, outstanding letters of credit and the principal amount of the senior guaranteed notes.
- (3) Total debt is calculated as the sum of senior debt plus subordinated debt. Crescent Point does not have any subordinated debt.
- (4) Capital is calculated as the sum of senior debt and shareholder's equity and excludes the effect of unrealized derivative gains or losses and the adoption of IFRS 16.

The Company's working capital deficiency and ongoing working capital requirements are expected to be financed through cash, adjusted funds flow from operations and its bank credit facilities. The Company is continuously monitoring the commodity price environment and actively manages its counterparty exposure to mitigate credit losses and will make adjustments as needed to protect its balance sheet. As at March 31, 2021, Crescent Point has hedged approximately 45 percent of its 2021 oil and liquids production, net of royalty interest, providing further balance sheet protection should commodity prices weaken.

Shareholders' Equity

At March 31, 2021, Crescent Point had 530.4 million common shares issued and outstanding compared to 530.0 million common shares at December 31, 2020. The increase is due to shares issued pursuant to the Restricted Share Bonus Plan and stock option exercises pursuant to the Stock Option Plan.

As of the date of this report, the Company had 581,674,218 common shares outstanding.

Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

On March 5, 2021, the Company announced the acceptance by the Toronto Stock Exchange of its notice to implement a NCIB. The NCIB allows the Company to purchase, for cancellation, up to 26,462,509 common shares, or five percent of the Company's public float, as at February 26, 2021. The NCIB commenced on March 9, 2021 and is due to expire on March 8, 2022. The Company continues to evaluate returns to shareholders as market conditions permit in the context of its capital allocation framework, leverage targets and adjusted funds flow generation.

Subsequent Events

Acquisition of Kaybob Duvernay Assets

On April 1, 2021, Crescent Point completed the acquisition of Shell Canada Energy's Kaybob Duvernay assets in Alberta. Including closing adjustments, total consideration was approximately \$671.4 million in cash and 50.0 million common shares of Crescent Point, which is expected to be allocated substantially to PP&E. Cash consideration was accessed through the Company's credit facility and included the deposit on acquisition of \$45.0 million.

Critical Accounting Estimates

There have been no changes in Crescent Point's critical accounting estimates in the three months ended March 31, 2021. Further information on the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates can be found in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Summary of Quarterly Results

	2021		202	.0			2019	
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Oil and gas sales	630.2	447.8	437.0	259.0	548.4	729.3	769.1	945.2
Average daily production								
Crude oil (bbls/d)	95,276	87,512	89,260	94,900	111,928	111,394	119,011	134,951
NGLs (bbls/d)	13,319	13,033	13,458	14,210	17,493	21,406	20,627	20,841
Natural gas (mcf/d)	64,732	64,033	63,988	70,391	71,451	74,347	96,422	100,101
Total (boe/d)	119,384	111,217	113,383	120,842	141,330	145,191	155,708	172,476
Net income (loss)	21.7	(51.2)	0.5	(145.1)	(2,324.1)	(932.1)	(301.7)	198.6
Net income (loss) per share	0.04	(0.10)	_	(0.27)	(4.40)	(1.73)	(0.55)	0.36
Net income (loss) per share – diluted	0.04	(0.10)	_	(0.27)	(4.40)	(1.73)	(0.55)	0.36
Adjusted net earnings (loss) from operations ⁽¹⁾	95.1	85.6	71.0	(27.9)	48.7	49.9	32.6	146.0
Adjusted net earnings (loss) from operations per share (1)	0.18	0.16	0.13	(0.05)	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.27
Adjusted net earnings (loss) from operations per share – diluted ⁽¹⁾	0.18	0.16	0.13	(0.05)	0.09	0.09	0.06	0.27
Cash flow from operating activities	303.7	245.1	219.5	66.6	329.3	396.5	402.2	527.4
Adjusted funds flow from operations (1)	262.7	220.2	235.7	109.0	309.5	418.4	389.2	503.8
Adjusted working capital (deficiency) (2)	(55.9)	(93.4)	(65.5)	(38.7)	(190.5)	(126.1)	(100.2)	(124.7)
Total assets	6,610.7	6,645.9	6,864.2	7,022.8	7,209.7	10,091.8	12,073.3	12,430.7
Total liabilities	3,777.5	3,823.1	3,952.3	4,093.0	4,097.6	4,749.1	5,685.2	5,751.7
Net debt ⁽¹⁾	2,013.4	2,149.2	2,189.2	2,308.6	2,327.9	2,765.3	3,360.0	3,553.5
Weighted average shares – diluted (millions)	536.6	534.4	532.9	531.2	528.3	538.7	548.0	548.2
Capital acquisitions	_	_	_	_	1.4	13.5	0.1	_
Capital dispositions	(7.2)	1.1	(0.9)	(1.5)	(506.9)	(677.3)	(199.3)	(58.3)
Development capital expenditures	119.2	169.4	93.3	72.0	320.1	343.4	362.3	166.2
Dividends declared	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5
Dividends declared per share	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0100	0.0100	0.0100	0.0100

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure that does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other entities. Refer to the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section in this MD&A for further information.

Over the past eight quarters, the Company's oil and gas sales have fluctuated due to volatility in the Cdn\$ WTI benchmark price, changes in production and fluctuations in corporate oil price differentials. The Company's production has fluctuated due to changes in its development capital spending levels, dispositions, voluntary shut-ins and natural declines.

Net income (loss) has fluctuated primarily due to changes in adjusted funds flow from operations, unrealized derivative gains and losses, which fluctuate with the changes in forward market prices and foreign exchange rates, PP&E impairments recorded in the first quarter of 2020 and fourth quarter of 2019, gains and losses on capital dispositions, and fluctuations in deferred tax expense (recovery).

Adjusted net earnings (loss) from operations has fluctuated over the past eight quarters primarily due to changes in adjusted funds flow from operations, depletion and share-based compensation expense along with associated fluctuations in deferred tax expense (recovery).

Capital expenditures have also fluctuated throughout this period due to the timing of acquisitions, dispositions and the Company's development capital program.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted working capital deficiency is calculated as accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term compensation liability net of equity derivative contracts, less cash, accounts receivable, prepaids and deposits, including deposit on acquisition and long-term investments.

Internal Control Update

Crescent Point is required to comply with Multilateral Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure on Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings. The certificate requires that Crescent Point disclose in the interim MD&A any weaknesses or changes in Crescent Point's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect Crescent Point's internal controls over financial reporting. Crescent Point confirms that no such weaknesses or changes were identified in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the first quarter of 2021.

Guidance

Crescent Point's guidance for 2021 is as follows:

Total Annual Average Production (boe/d) (1)	132,000 - 136,000
Capital Expenditures	
Development capital expenditures (\$ million)	\$575 - \$625
Capitalized G&A (\$ million)	\$35
Total (\$ million) (2)	\$610 - \$660
Other Information for 2021 Guidance	
Reclamation activities (\$ million) (3)	\$15
Capital lease payments (\$ million)	\$20
Annual operating expenses	\$625 - \$645 million (\$12.75 - \$13.25/boe)
Royalties	11.5% - 12.5%

- (1) Total annual average production (boe/d) is comprised of ~87% Oil & NGLs and 13% Natural Gas.
- (2) Land expenditures and net property acquisitions and dispositions are not included. Development capital expenditures is allocated as follows: 87% drilling & development and 13% facilities & seismic.
- (3) Reflects Crescent Point's portion of its total expected budget.

Crescent Point will continue to evaluate opportunities to further optimize its portfolio, while focusing on returns, capital discipline and cost saving initiatives to enhance value for shareholders.

Additional information including risk factors relating to Crescent Point and the Company's response to COVID-19 is presented in the Company's December 31, 2020 Annual Information Form and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2020, which along with other relevant documents are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Throughout this MD&A, the Company uses the terms "operating netback", "netback", "adjusted funds flow from operations", "excess cash flow", "adjusted net earnings from operations per share", "net debt", "net debt", "net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations", "market capitalization" and "enterprise value". These terms do not have any standardized meaning as prescribed by IFRS and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures presented by other issuers.

Operating netback is calculated on a per boe basis as oil and gas sales, less royalties, operating and transportation expenses. Netback is calculated on a per boe basis as operating netback plus realized commodity derivative gains and losses. Operating netback and netback are common metrics used in the oil and gas industry and are used by management to measure operating results on a per boe basis to better analyze performance against prior periods on a comparable basis. The calculations of operating netback and netback are shown in the *Results of Operations* section in this MD&A.

Adjusted funds flow from operations is calculated based on cash flow from operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital, transaction costs and decommissioning expenditures funded by the Company. Transaction costs are excluded as they vary based on the Company's acquisition and disposition activity and to ensure that this metric is more comparable between periods. Decommissioning expenditures are discretionary and are excluded as they may vary based on the stage of the Company's assets and operating areas. Management utilizes adjusted funds flow from operations as a key measure to assess the ability of the Company to finance dividends, operating activities, capital expenditures and debt repayments. Adjusted funds flow from operations as presented is not intended to represent cash flow from operating activities, net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS. Excess cash flow is defined as adjusted funds flow from operations less capital expenditures, payments on lease liability, asset retirement obligations, dividends and other cash items (excluding net acquisitions and dispositions). Management utilizes excess cash flow as key measures to assess the ability of the Company to finance dividends, potential share repurchases, debt repayments and returns-based growth.

The following table reconciles cash flow from operating activities to adjusted funds flow from operations:

		Three months ended March 31	
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	% Change
Cash flow from operating activities	303.7	329.3	(8)
Changes in non-cash working capital	(47.2)	(33.1)	43
Transaction costs	0.1	4.7	(98)
Decommissioning expenditures (1)	6.1	8.6	(29)
Adjusted funds flow from operations	262.7	309.5	(15)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes amounts received from government subsidy programs.

Adjusted net earnings from operations is calculated based on net income before amortization of exploration and evaluation ("E&E") undeveloped land, impairment or impairment recoveries, unrealized derivative gains or losses, unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss on translation of hedged US dollar long-term debt, unrealized gains or losses on long-term investments, gains or losses on the sale of long-term investments and gains or losses on capital acquisitions and dispositions. Adjusted net earnings from operations per share and adjusted net earnings from operations per share - diluted are calculated as adjusted net earnings from operations divided by the number of weighted average basic and diluted shares outstanding, respectively. Management utilizes adjusted net earnings from operations to present a measure of financial performance that is more comparable between periods. Adjusted net earnings from operations as presented is not intended to represent net earnings or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.

The following table reconciles net income to adjusted net earnings from operations:

Thre			led March 31
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	% Change
Net income (loss)	21.7	(2,324.1)	(101)
Amortization of E&E undeveloped land	13.8	21.7	(36)
Impairment	_	3,557.8	(100)
Unrealized derivative (gains) losses	81.7	(418.5)	(120)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss on translation of hedged US dollar long-term debt	(11.9)	135.9	(109)
Unrealized (gain) loss on long-term investments	(2.2)	5.5	(140)
Net (gain) loss on capital dispositions	17.3	(307.5)	(106)
Deferred tax relating to adjustments	(25.3)	(622.1)	(96)
Adjusted net earnings from operations	95.1	48.7	95

Net debt is calculated as long-term debt plus accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term compensation liability net of equity derivative contracts, less cash, accounts receivable, prepaids and deposits, including deposit on acquisition, long-term investments, excluding the unrealized foreign exchange on translation of US dollar long-term debt. Management utilizes net debt as a key measure to assess the liquidity of the Company.

The following table reconciles long-term debt to net debt:

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	% Change
Long-term debt (1)	2,149.4	2,259.6	(5)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	369.0	311.6	18
Long-term compensation liability (2)	32.8	16.3	101
Cash	(24.0)	(8.8)	173
Accounts receivable	(251.2)	(200.5)	25
Prepaids and deposits (3)	(66.0)	(22.7)	191
Long-term investments	(4.7)	(2.5)	88
Excludes:			
Unrealized foreign exchange on translation of US dollar long-term debt	(191.9)	(203.8)	(6)
Net debt	2,013.4	2,149.2	(6)

- (1) Includes current portion of long-term debt.
- (2) Includes current portion of long-term compensation liability and is net of equity derivative contracts.
- (3) Includes deposit on acquisition.

Net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations is calculated as the period end net debt divided by the sum of adjusted funds flow from operations for the trailing four quarters. The ratio of net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations is used by management to measure the Company's overall debt position and to measure the strength of the Company's balance sheet. Crescent Point monitors this ratio and uses this as a key measure in making decisions regarding financing, capital spending and dividend levels.

Market capitalization is calculated by applying the period end closing share trading price to the number of shares outstanding. Market capitalization is an indication of equity valuation. Refer to the *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section in this MD&A for further information.

Enterprise value is calculated as market capitalization plus net debt. Management uses enterprise value to assess the valuation of the Company. Refer to the *Liquidity and Capital Resources* section in this MD&A for further information.

Management believes the presentation of the Non-GAAP measures above provide useful information to investors and shareholders as the measures provide increased transparency and the ability to better analyze performance against prior periods on a comparable basis.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this management's discussion and analysis constitute forward-looking statements and are based on Crescent Point's beliefs and assumptions based on information available at the time the assumption was made. By its nature, such forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes the expectations reflected in those forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon. These statements are effective only as of the date of this report. Crescent Point undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required to do so pursuant to applicable law.

Any "financial outlook" or "future oriented financial information" in this management's discussion and analysis, as defined by applicable securities legislation, has been approved by management of Crescent Point. Such financial outlook or future oriented financial information is provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future. Readers are cautioned that reliance on such information may not be appropriate for other purposes.

Certain statements contained in this report, including statements related to Crescent Point's capital expenditures, projected asset growth, view and outlook toward future commodity prices, drilling activity and statements that contain words such as "could", "should", "can", "anticipate", "expect", "believe", "will", "may", "projected", "sustain", "continues", "strategy", "potential", "projects", "grow", "take advantage", "estimate" and similar expressions and statements relating to matters that are not historical facts constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. The material assumptions and factors in making these forward-looking statements are disclosed in this MD&A under the headings "Overview", "Commodity Derivatives", "Liquidity and Capital Resources" and "Guidance".

In particular, forward-looking statements include:

- Crescent Point's approach to proactively manage the risk exposure inherent in movements in the price of crude oil, natural gas, the Company's share price, the US/Cdn dollar exchange rate and interest rate movements through the use of derivatives with investment-grade counterparties;
- Crescent Point's use of derivatives to reduce the volatility of the selling price of its crude oil and natural gas production and how this provides a measure of stability to cash flow;
- The extent and effectiveness of hedges;
- Crescent Point's 2021 production and development capital expenditures guidance;
- Other information for Crescent Point's 2021 Outlook, including capitalized G&A, reclamation activities, capital lease payments, operating expenses and royalties;
- Evaluation of returns to shareholders as market conditions permit in the context of a capital allocation framework, leverage targets and adjusted funds flow generation;

- The Company's liquidity and financial flexibility;
- NCIB expectations;
- The Company evaluating opportunities to further enhance its asset portfolio through strategic acquisitions and dispositions;
- The Company evaluating opportunities to further optimize its portfolio, while focusing on returns, capital discipline and cost saving initiatives to enhance value for shareholders;
- How the Company expects to finance its working capital deficiency and ongoing working capital requirements;
- Estimated undiscounted cash flows to settle decommissioning liability;
- Further adjustments in light of the commodity price environment to protect the Company's balance sheet as necessary;
- Expected production, enhanced free cash flow and other attributes of the Kaybob Duvernay assets; and
- COVID-19 impacts and response measures.

This information contains certain forward-looking estimates that involve substantial known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond Crescent Point's control. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: financial risk of marketing reserves at an acceptable price given market conditions; volatility in market prices for oil and natural gas, decisions or actions of OPEC and non-OPEC countries in respect of supplies of oil and gas; delays in business operations or delivery of services due to pipeline restrictions, rail blockades, outbreaks, blowouts and business closures and social distancing measures mandated by public health authorities in response to COVID-19; the risk of carrying out operations with minimal environmental impact; industry conditions including changes in laws and regulations including the adoption of new environmental laws and regulations and changes in how they are interpreted and enforced; uncertainties associated with estimating oil and natural gas reserves; risks and uncertainties related to oil and gas interests and operations on Indigenous lands; economic risk of finding and producing reserves at a reasonable cost; uncertainties associated with partner plans and approvals; operational matters related to non-operated properties; increased competition for, among other things, capital, acquisitions of reserves and undeveloped lands; competition for and availability of qualified personnel or management; incorrect assessments of the value and likelihood of acquisitions and dispositions, and exploration and development programs; unexpected geological, technical, drilling, construction, processing and transportation problems; availability of insurance; fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rates; stock market volatility; general economic, market and business conditions, including uncertainty in the demand for oil and gas and economic activity in general as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic; uncertainties associated with regulatory approvals; uncertainty of government policy changes; the impact of the implementation of the Canada-United States-Mexico Agreement; uncertainty regarding the benefits and costs of dispositions; failure to complete acquisitions and dispositions; uncertainties associated with credit facilities and counterparty credit risk; changes in income tax laws, tax laws, crown royalty rates and incentive programs relating to the oil and gas industry; the wide-ranging impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, including on demand, health and supply chain; and other factors, many of which are outside the control of the Company.

Therefore, Crescent Point's actual results, performance or achievement could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking estimates and if such actual results, performance or achievements transpire or occur, or if any of them do so, there can be no certainty as to what benefits or detriments Crescent Point will derive therefrom.

Crude oil and natural gas information is provided in accordance with the United States Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Topic 932 - "Extractive Activities - Oil and Gas" and where applicable, financial information is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

For the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 the Company filed its reserves information under National Instrument 51-101 - "Standards of Disclosure of Oil and Gas Activities" (NI 51-101), which prescribes the standards for the preparation and disclosure of reserves and related information for companies listed in Canada.

There are significant differences to the type of volumes disclosed and the basis from which the volumes are economically determined under the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") requirements and NI 51-101. The SEC requires disclosure of net reserves, after royalties, using trailing 12-month average prices and current costs; whereas NI 51-101 requires Company gross reserves, before royalties, using forecast pricing and costs. Therefore the difference between the reported numbers under the two disclosure standards can be material.

Barrels of oil equivalent ("boe") may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A boe conversion ratio of 6 Mcf: 1 Bbl is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Given that the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil as compared to natural gas is significantly different from the energy equivalency of oil, utilizing a conversion on a 6:1 basis may be misleading as an indication of value. Oil and gas metrics such as operating netback and netback do not have standardized meaning and as such may not be reliable, and should not be used to make comparisons.

The Company retained McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. ("McDaniel") to evaluate the reserves associated with the Kaybob Duvernay assets and prepare the related independent evaluators report (the "McDaniel Report").

The statement of reserves data and other oil and gas information, associated with the Kaybob Duvernay assets, set forth in this MD&A is dated February 11, 2021. The effective date of the reserves information provided for the Kaybob Duvernay assets herein is December 31, 2020, unless otherwise indicated, and the preparation date is February 11, 2021. McDaniel prepared the McDaniel Report in accordance with the standards contained in NI 51-101 and the COGE Handbook that were in effect at the relevant time. Production of approximately 30,000 boe/d associated with the Kaybob Duvernay assets consists of 57% condensate, 8% NGL and 35% shale gas. NI 51-101 includes condensate within the product type of natural gas liquids. The Company has disclosed condensate separately from other natural gas liquids in this MD&A since the price of condensate as compared to other natural gas liquids is currently significantly higher and the Company believes that presenting the two commodities separately provides a more accurate description of its operations and results therefrom.

The Company's aggregate average production for the past eight quarters and the references to "natural gas" and "crude oil", reported in this MD&A consist of the following product types, as defined in NI 51-101 and using a conversion ratio of 6 Mcf: 1 Bbl where applicable:

	2021		2020)			2019	
	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Light & Medium Crude Oil (bbl/d)	20,699	21,025	18,846	18,952	24,566	25,366	29,265	32,420
Heavy Crude Oil (bbl/d)	4,118	4,276	4,223	4,269	4,752	4,819	4,722	4,633
Tight Oil (bbl/d)	70,459	62,211	66,191	71,679	82,610	81,209	85,024	97,898
Total Crude Oil (bbl/d)	95,276	87,512	89,260	94,900	111,928	111,394	119,011	134,951
NGLs (bbl/d)	13,319	13,033	13,458	14,210	17,493	21,406	20,627	20,841
Shale Gas (Mcf/d)	53,198	52,370	50,776	57,254	54,312	56,446	76,979	79,284
Conventional Natural Gas (Mcf/d)	11,534	11,663	13,212	13,137	17,139	17,901	19,443	20,817
Total Natural Gas (Mcf/d)	64,732	64,033	63,988	70,391	71,451	74,347	96,422	100,101
Total (boe/d)	119,384	111,217	113,383	120,842	141,330	145,191	155,708	172,476

Directors

Barbara Munroe, Chair (6)

Laura Cillis (1)(2)

James Craddock (1)(3)(5)

John Dielwart (3) (4)

Ted Goldthorpe (1) (5)

Mike Jackson (1)(2)(5)

Jennifer Koury (2) (4)

Francois Langlois (3) (4) (5)

Myron Stadnyk (2)(3)(4)

Craig Bryksa (4)

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors
- (2) Member of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors
- (3) Member of the Reserves Committee of the Board of Directors
- (4) Member of the Environment, Safety and Sustainability Committee of the Board of Directors
- (5) Member of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee
- (6) Chair of the Board serves in an ex officio capacity on each Committee

Officers

Craig Bryksa President and Chief Executive Officer

Ken Lamont Chief Financial Officer

Ryan Gritzfeldt Chief Operating Officer

Brad Borggard

Senior Vice President, Corporate Planning and Capital Markets

Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

Garret Holt

Senior Vice President, Corporate Development

Head Office

Suite 2000, 585 - 8th Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2P 1G1 Tel: (403) 693-0020 Fax: (403) 693-0070 Toll Free: (888) 693-0020

Banker

The Bank of Nova Scotia Calgary, Alberta

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Calgary, Alberta

Legal Counsel

Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP Calgary, Alberta

Evaluation Engineers

GLJ Ltd.

Calgary, Alberta

Sproule Associates Ltd. Calgary, Alberta

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Investors are encouraged to contact Crescent Point's Registrar and Transfer Agent for information regarding their security holdings:

Computershare Trust Company of Canada 600, 530 - 8th Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2P 3S8 Tel: (403) 267-6800

Stock Exchanges

Toronto Stock Exchange - TSX New York Stock Exchange - NYSE

Stock Symbol

CPG

Investor Contacts

Brad Borggard Senior Vice President, Corporate Planning and Capital Markets (403) 693-0020

Shant Madian

Vice President, Investor Relations and Corporate Communications (403) 693-0020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		As at	
	March 31, Decemb		December 31,
(UNAUDITED) (Cdn\$ millions)	Notes	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Cash		24.0	8.8
Accounts receivable		251.2	200.5
Deposit on acquisition	20	45.0	_
Prepaids and deposits		21.0	22.7
Derivative asset	17	37.1	46.7
Total current assets		378.3	278.7
Derivative asset	17	195.1	195.7
Other long-term assets		20.4	18.2
Exploration and evaluation	3, 4	70.2	86.4
Property, plant and equipment	4, 5	4,268.8	4,372.0
Right-of-use asset	7	99.4	103.7
Goodwill		222.2	223.3
Deferred income tax		1,356.3	1,367.9
Total assets		6,610.7	6,645.9
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		369.0	311.6
Current portion of long-term debt	6	219.1	221.6
Derivative liability	17	112.6	42.2
Other current liabilities		105.2	93.8
Total current liabilities		805.9	669.2
Long-term debt	6	1,930.3	2,038.0
Derivative liability	17	4.3	3.2
Other long-term liabilities		26.1	17.3
Lease liability	7	125.7	130.1
Decommissioning liability	8	885.2	965.3
Total liabilities		3,777.5	3,823.1
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Shareholders' capital	9	16,454.0	16,451.5
Contributed surplus		18.8	19.7
Deficit	10	(14,145.7)	(14,166.1)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		506.1	517.7
Total shareholders' equity		2,833.2	2,822.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		6,610.7	6,645.9

Subsequent Events (Note 20)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Three months	s ended March 31
(UNAUDITED) (Cdn\$ millions, except per share and shares outstanding amounts)	Notes	2021	2020
REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME			
Oil and gas sales	19	630.2	548.4
Purchased product sales		3.0	11.3
Royalties		(85.7)	(73.0)
Oil and gas revenue		547.5	486.7
Commodity derivative gains (losses)	12, 17	(142.9)	314.9
Other income (loss)	13	(7.7)	303.5
		396.9	1,105.1
EXPENSES			
Operating		142.6	158.3
Purchased product		3.1	8.6
Transportation		25.1	28.8
General and administrative		15.2	24.5
Interest	14	23.8	9.5
Foreign exchange gain	15	(1.4)	(8.8)
Share-based compensation		4.4	(8.1)
Depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment	3, 5, 7	150.6	3,814.7
Accretion and financing	7, 8	4.8	6.9
		368.2	4,034.4
Net income (loss) before tax		28.7	(2,929.3)
Tax expense (recovery)			
Current		_	_
Deferred		7.0	(605.2)
Net income (loss)		21.7	(2,324.1)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss			
Foreign currency translation of foreign operations		(11.6)	112.9
Comprehensive income (loss)		10.1	(2,211.2)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			, ,
Net income (loss) per share			
Basic		0.04	(4.40)
Diluted		0.04	(4.40)
Weighted average shares outstanding			
Basic		530 254 244	528 284 425
Diluted		530,354,244	528,284,435
Diluted		536,573,892	528,284,435

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(UNAUDITED) (Cdn\$ millions, except per share amounts)	Notes	Shareholders' capital	Contributed surplus	Deficit	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Total shareholders' equity
December 31, 2020		16,451.5	19.7	(14,166.1)	517.7	2,822.8
Redemption of restricted shares	9	2.5	(2.5)			_
Share-based compensation	16		1.6			1.6
Net income (loss)				21.7		21.7
Dividends (\$0.0025 per share)				(1.3)		(1.3)
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(11.6)	(11.6)
March 31, 2021		16,454.0	18.8	(14,145.7)	506.1	2,833.2
December 31, 2019		16,449.0	35.1	(11,636.9)	495.5	5,342.7
Redemption of restricted shares		6.9	(7.0)	0.1		_
Common shares repurchased		(12.7)				(12.7)
Forfeit of restricted shares			(1.4)			(1.4)
Net income (loss)				(2,324.1)		(2,324.1)
Dividends (\$0.0100 per share)				(5.3)		(5.3)
Foreign currency translation adjustment					112.9	112.9
March 31, 2020		16,443.2	26.7	(13,966.2)	608.4	3,112.1

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Three months	s ended March 31
(UNAUDITED) (Cdn\$ millions)	Notes	2021	2020
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income (loss)		21.7	(2,324.1)
Items not affecting cash			
Other (income) loss		9.0	(302.0)
Deferred tax expense (recovery)		7.0	(605.2)
Share-based compensation		1.4	(1.0)
Depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment	3, 5, 7	150.6	3,814.7
Accretion	8	3.1	5.0
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives	17	81.7	(418.5)
Translation of US dollar long-term debt	15	(25.5)	197.9
Realized (gain) loss on cross currency swap maturity	15	13.6	(62.0)
Decommissioning expenditures	8	(6.1)	(8.6)
Change in non-cash working capital	18	47.2	33.1
		303.7	329.3
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Development capital and other expenditures	3, 5	(134.4)	(331.5)
Capital acquisitions		_	(1.4)
Capital dispositions	4	7.2	506.9
Deposit on acquisition	20	(45.0)	_
Change in non-cash working capital	18	(11.2)	(16.2)
		(183.4)	157.8
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issue of shares, net of issue costs		_	(0.1)
Common shares repurchased		_	(12.7)
Decrease in bank debt, net	18	(84.7)	(337.5)
Repayment of senior guaranteed notes		_	(224.4)
Realized gain (loss) on cross currency swap maturity	15, 18	(13.6)	62.0
Payments on principal portion of lease liability	7, 18	(5.1)	(7.9)
Cash dividends	18	(1.3)	(5.3)
		(104.7)	(525.9)
Impact of foreign currency on cash balances		(0.4)	1.5
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		15.2	(37.3)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		8.8	56.9
CASH AT END OF PERIOD		24.0	19.6

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Supplementary Information:

Cash taxes paid	_	(0.1)
Cash interest paid	(5.7)	(12.8)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

1. STRUCTURE OF THE BUSINESS

The principal undertaking of Crescent Point Energy Corp. (the "Company" or "Crescent Point") is to carry on the business of acquiring, developing and holding interests in petroleum and natural gas properties and assets related thereto through a general partnership and wholly owned subsidiaries.

Crescent Point is the ultimate parent and is amalgamated in Alberta, Canada under the Alberta Business Corporations Act. The address of the principal place of business is 2000, 585 - 8th Ave S.W., Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 1G1.

These interim consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 11, 2021.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These interim consolidated financial statements are presented under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of interim consolidated financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and have been prepared following the same accounting policies as the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. Certain information and disclosures included in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements are condensed herein or are disclosed on an annual basis only. Accordingly, these interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The policies applied in these consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of May 11, 2021, the date the Board of Directors approved the statements.

The Company's presentation currency is Canadian dollars and all amounts reported are Canadian dollars unless noted otherwise. References to "US\$" are to United States ("U.S.") dollars.

3. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Exploration and evaluation assets at cost	1,721.0	1,736.1
Accumulated amortization	(1,650.8)	(1,649.7)
Net carrying amount	70.2	86.4
Reconciliation of movements during the period		
Cost, beginning of period	1,736.1	1,848.1
Accumulated amortization, beginning of period	(1,649.7)	(1,602.6)
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	86.4	245.5
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	86.4	245.5
Acquisitions through business combinations, net	_	1.3
Additions	18.5	108.2
Dispositions	(5.3)	(0.2)
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	(15.4)	(198.0)
Amortization	(13.8)	(71.9)
Foreign exchange	(0.2)	1.5
Net carrying amount, end of period	70.2	86.4

Impairment test of exploration and evaluation assets

There were no indicators of impairment at March 31, 2021.

4. CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company incurred \$0.1 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 - \$4.7 million) of transaction costs related to acquisitions through business combinations and dispositions that were recorded as general and administrative expenses.

Minor property dispositions

In the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company completed minor property dispositions for net consideration of \$7.2 million, resulting in a loss of \$17.3 million.

(\$ millions)	Other minor, net
Dispositions	
Consideration	
Cash	7.2
	7.2
Carrying Value	
Exploration and evaluation	(5.3)
Property, plant and equipment	(18.9)
Goodwill	(1.1)
Decommissioning liability	0.8
	(24.5)
Loss on capital dispositions	(17.3)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Development and production assets	23,546.3	23,584.1
Corporate assets	121.4	120.7
Property, plant and equipment at cost	23,667.7	23,704.8
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and impairment	(19,398.9)	(19,332.8)
Net carrying amount	4,268.8	4,372.0
Reconciliation of movements during the period		
Development and production assets		
Cost, beginning of period	23,584.1	23,038.6
Accumulated depletion and impairment, beginning of period	(19,265.2)	(15,251.0)
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	4,318.9	7,787.6
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	4,318.9	7,787.6
Acquisitions through business combinations, net	_	0.2
Additions	39.1	504.2
Dispositions, net	(18.9)	(28.0)
Transfers from exploration and evaluation assets	15.4	198.0
Depletion	(131.2)	(611.6)
Impairment	_	(3,557.8)
Foreign exchange	(7.3)	26.3
Net carrying amount, end of period	4,216.0	4,318.9
Cost, end of period	23,546.3	23,584.1
Accumulated depletion and impairment, end of period	(19,330.3)	(19,265.2)
Net carrying amount, end of period	4,216.0	4,318.9
Corporate assets		
Cost, beginning of period	120.7	117.2
Accumulated depreciation, beginning of period	(67.6)	(63.2)
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	53.1	54.0
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	53.1	54.0
Additions	0.7	3.5
Depreciation	(1.0)	(4.4)
Net carrying amount, end of period	52.8	53.1
Cost, end of period	121.4	120.7
Accumulated depreciation, end of period	(68.6)	(67.6)
Net carrying amount, end of period	52.8	53.1

Direct general and administrative costs capitalized by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2021 were \$13.8 million (year ended December 31, 2020 - \$37.7 million), including \$6.5 million of share-based compensation costs (year ended December 31, 2020 - \$5.4 million).

Impairment test of property, plant and equipment ("PP&E")

At March 31, 2021, there were no indicators of impairment or impairment recovery.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Bank debt (1)	301.0	388.2
Senior guaranteed notes (2)	1,848.4	1,871.4
Long-term debt	2,149.4	2,259.6
Long-term debt due within one year	219.1	221.6
Long-term debt due beyond one year	1,930.3	2,038.0

- (1) The Company has London Inter-bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") loans under its bank credit facilities. The US dollar amounts of the LIBOR loans were fixed for purposes of interest and principal repayments. At March 31, 2021, the total notional amount due upon bank debt maturity was \$300.8 million (December 31, 2020 \$399.1 million). The Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase II amendments, effective January 1, 2021, is not expected to have a financial impact on the Company's results. Upon cessation of LIBOR rates, the Company will transition to alternative benchmark rates.
- (2) The Company entered into cross currency swaps ("CCS") and a foreign exchange swap concurrent with the issuance of the US dollar senior guaranteed notes to fix the US dollar amount of the notes for the purpose of principal repayment at Canadian dollar notional amounts. At March 31, 2021, the total notional principal due on the maturity of the senior guaranteed notes was \$1.66 billion (December 31, 2020 \$1.66 billion) of which \$185.3 million (December 31, 2020 \$185.3 million) was due within one year.

Bank debt

The Company has combined facilities of \$3.00 billion, including a \$2.90 billion syndicated unsecured credit facility with fourteen banks and a \$100.0 million unsecured operating credit facility with one Canadian chartered bank. The current maturity dates of the facilities is October 25, 2023. Both of these facilities constitute revolving credit facilities and are extendible annually.

The credit facilities bear interest at the applicable market rate plus a margin based on a sliding scale ratio of the Company's senior debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depletion, depreciation, amortization and impairment, adjusted for payments on lease liability and certain non-cash items including unrealized derivatives, translation of US dollar long-term debt, equity-settled share-based compensation expense and accretion and financing expense ("adjusted EBITDA").

The credit facilities and senior guaranteed notes have covenants which restrict the Company's ratio of senior debt to adjusted EBITDA to a maximum of 3.5:1.0, the ratio of total debt to adjusted EBITDA to a maximum of 4.0:1.0 and the ratio of senior debt to capital, adjusted for certain non-cash items as noted above, to a maximum of 0.55:1.0. The Company was in compliance with all debt covenants at March 31, 2021.

The Company had letters of credit in the amount of \$5.0 million outstanding at March 31, 2021 (December 31, 2020 - \$10.4 million).

Senior guaranteed notes

The Company has closed private offerings of senior guaranteed notes raising total gross proceeds of US\$1.26 billion and Cdn\$270.0 million. The notes are unsecured and rank *pari passu* with the Company's bank credit facilities and carry a bullet repayment on maturity. The senior guaranteed notes have financial covenants similar to those of the combined credit facilities described above. The Company's senior guaranteed notes are detailed below:

District	0	Hedged Equivalent ⁽¹⁾			Financial stateme	ent carrying value
Principal (\$ millions)	Coupon Rate	(Cdn\$ millions)	Interest Payment Dates	Maturity Date	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Cdn\$50.0	5.53%	50.0	October 14 and April 14	April 14, 2021	50.0	50.0
US\$82.0	5.13%	79.0	October 14 and April 14	April 14, 2021	103.1	104.6
US\$52.5	3.29%	56.3	December 20 and June 20	June 20, 2021	66.0	67.0
Cdn\$25.0	4.76%	25.0	November 22 and May 22	May 22, 2022	25.0	25.0
US\$200.0	4.00%	199.1	November 22 and May 22	May 22, 2022	251.4	255.1
US\$61.5	4.12%	80.3	October 11 and April 11	April 11, 2023	77.3	78.4
Cdn\$80.0	3.58%	80.0	October 11 and April 11	April 11, 2023	80.0	80.0
Cdn\$10.0	4.11%	10.0	December 12 and June 12	June 12, 2023	10.0	10.0
US\$270.0	3.78%	274.7	December 12 and June 12	June 12, 2023	339.4	344.4
Cdn\$40.0	3.85%	40.0	December 20 and June 20	June 20, 2024	40.0	40.0
US\$257.5	3.75%	276.4	December 20 and June 20	June 20, 2024	323.7	328.4
US\$82.0	4.30%	107.0	October 11 and April 11	April 11, 2025	103.1	104.6
Cdn\$65.0	3.94%	65.0	October 22 and April 22	April 22, 2025	65.0	65.0
US\$230.0	4.08%	291.1	October 22 and April 22	April 22, 2025	289.2	293.4
US\$20.0	4.18%	25.3	October 22 and April 22	April 22, 2027	25.2	25.5
Senior guarante	ed notes	1,659.2			1,848.4	1,871.4
Senior guarante	ed notes due	within one year			219.1	221.6
Senior guarante	ed notes due	beyond one year			1,629.3	1,649.8

⁽¹⁾ Includes underlying derivatives which manage the Company's foreign exchange exposure on its US dollar senior guaranteed notes. The Company considers this to be the economic amount due at maturity instead of the financial statement carrying amount.

Concurrent with the issuance of US\$1.23 billion senior guaranteed notes, the Company entered into CCS to manage the Company's foreign exchange risk. The CCS fix the US dollar amount of the notes for purposes of interest and principal repayments at a notional amount of \$1.36 billion. Concurrent with the issuance of US\$30.0 million senior guaranteed notes, the Company entered a foreign exchange swap which fixed the principal repayment at a notional amount of \$32.2 million. See Note 17 - "Financial Instruments and Derivatives" for additional information.

7. LEASES

Right-of-use asset

(\$ millions)	Office (1)	Fleet Vehicles	Other	Total
Right-of-use asset at cost	121.0	20.3	12.0	153.3
Accumulated depreciation	(35.4)	(13.1)	(5.4)	(53.9)
Net carrying amount	85.6	7.2	6.6	99.4
Reconciliation of movements during the period				
Cost, beginning of period	121.0	20.4	11.6	153.0
Accumulated depreciation, beginning of period	(32.5)	(12.0)	(4.8)	(49.3)
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	88.5	8.4	6.8	103.7
Net carrying amount, beginning of period	88.5	8.4	6.8	103.7
Additions	_	(0.1)	0.4	0.3
Depreciation	(2.9)	(1.1)	(0.6)	(4.6)
Net carrying amount, end of period	85.6	7.2	6.6	99.4

⁽¹⁾ A portion of the Company's office space is subleased. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded sublease income of \$1.4 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 - \$1.5 million) as a component of other income (loss).

Lease liability

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Lease liability, beginning of period	156.5	181.2
Additions	0.3	4.8
Financing	1.7	7.1
Payments on lease liability	(6.8)	(37.1)
Lease modification	_	0.5
Lease liability, end of period	151.7	156.5
Expected to be incurred within one year	26.0	26.4
Expected to be incurred beyond one year	125.7	130.1

Some leases contain variable payments that are not included within the lease liability as they are based on amounts determined by the lessor annually and not dependent on an index or rate. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, variable lease payments of \$0.4 million were included in general and administrative expenses relating to property tax payments on office leases.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$0.1 million in general and administrative expenses related to short-term leases and leases for low dollar value underlying assets.

The undiscounted cash flows relating to the lease liability are as follows:

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021
1 year	26.6
2 to 3 years	44.8
4 to 5 years	36.3
More than 5 years	71.7
Total (1)	179.4

⁽¹⁾ Includes both the principal and amounts representing interest.

8. DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITY

Upon retirement of its oil and gas assets, the Company anticipates substantial costs associated with decommissioning. The estimated cash flows have been discounted using a risk-free rate of 1.97 percent and a derived inflation rate of 1.69 percent (December 31, 2020 - risk-free rate of 1.21 percent and inflation rate of 1.49 percent).

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Decommissioning liability, beginning of period	1,022.7	1,144.0
Liabilities incurred	4.3	17.2
Liabilities acquired through capital acquisitions	_	0.1
Liabilities disposed through capital dispositions	(0.8)	(31.1)
Liabilities settled (1)	(12.2)	(19.8)
Revaluation of acquired decommissioning liabilities (2)	_	0.3
Change in estimated future costs	(0.6)	(105.8)
Change in discount and inflation rate estimates	(80.1)	4.6
Accretion expense	3.1	13.6
Foreign exchange	(0.2)	(0.4)
Decommissioning liability, end of period	936.2	1,022.7
Expected to be incurred within one year	51.0	57.4
Expected to be incurred beyond one year	885.2	965.3

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$6.1 million received from government subsidy programs during the three months ended March 31, 2021 (year ended December 31, 2020 - \$5.1 million).

9. SHAREHOLDERS' CAPITAL

Crescent Point has an unlimited number of common shares authorized for issuance.

	N	March 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020
	Number of shares	Amount (\$ millions)	Number of shares	Amount (\$ millions)
Common shares, beginning of period	530,035,922	16,707.6	529,399,923	16,705.1
Issued on redemption of restricted shares	328,594	2.5	2,801,599	15.2
Issued on exercise of stock options	4,253	_	_	_
Common shares repurchased	_	_	(2,165,600)	(12.7)
Common shares, end of period	530,368,769	16,710.1	530,035,922	16,707.6
Cumulative share issue costs, net of tax	_	(256.1)	_	(256.1)
Total shareholders' capital, end of period	530,368,769	16,454.0	530,035,922	16,451.5

Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

On March 5, 2021, the Company announced the approval by the Toronto Stock Exchange of its notice to implement a NCIB. The NCIB allows the Company to purchase, for cancellation, up to 26,462,509 common shares, or five percent of the Company's public float, as at February 26, 2021. The NCIB commenced on March 9, 2021 and is due to expire on March 8, 2022. The Company continues to evaluate returns to shareholders as market conditions permit in the context of its capital allocation framework, leverage targets and adjusted funds flow generation.

10. DEFICIT

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Accumulated earnings (deficit)	(6,526.4)	(6,548.1)
Accumulated gain on shares issued pursuant to DRIP (1) and SDP (2)	8.4	8.4
Accumulated tax effect on redemption of restricted shares	12.1	12.1
Accumulated dividends	(7,639.8)	(7,638.5)
Deficit	(14,145.7)	(14,166.1)

⁽¹⁾ Premium Dividend [™] and Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

⁽²⁾ These amounts relate to the revaluation of acquired decommissioning liabilities at the end of the period using a risk-free discount rate. At the date of acquisition, acquired decommissioning liabilities are fair valued.

⁽²⁾ Share Dividend Plan.

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Long-term debt (1)	2,149.4	2,259.6
Adjusted working capital deficiency (2)	55.9	93.4
Unrealized foreign exchange on translation of US dollar long-term debt	(191.9)	(203.8)
Net debt	2,013.4	2,149.2
Shareholders' equity	2,833.2	2,822.8
Total capitalization	4,846.6	4,972.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes current portion of long-term debt.

The following table reconciles cash flow from operating activities to adjusted funds flow from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020:

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Cash flow from operating activities	303.7	329.3
Changes in non-cash working capital	(47.2)	(33.1)
Transaction costs	0.1	4.7
Decommissioning expenditures	6.1	8.6
Adjusted funds flow from operations	262.7	309.5

Crescent Point's objective for managing its capital structure is to maintain a strong balance sheet and capital base to provide financial flexibility, position the Company to fund future development projects and provide returns to shareholders.

Crescent Point manages and monitors its capital structure and short-term financing requirements using a measure not defined in IFRS, the ratio of net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations. Net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations is used to measure the Company's overall debt position and to measure the strength of the Company's balance sheet. Crescent Point's objective is to manage this metric to be well positioned to execute its business objectives during periods of volatile commodity prices. Crescent Point monitors this ratio and uses this as a key measure in making decisions regarding financing, capital spending and dividend levels. The Company's net debt to adjusted funds flow from operations ratio at March 31, 2021 was 2.4 times (December 31, 2020 - 2.5 times).

Crescent Point is subject to certain financial covenants on its credit facilities and senior guaranteed notes agreements and was in compliance with all financial covenants as at March 31, 2021. See Note 6 - "Long-term Debt" for additional information regarding the Company's financial covenant requirements.

Crescent Point retains financial flexibility with significant liquidity on its credit facilities and no material near-term debt maturities. The Company is continuously monitoring the commodity price environment and actively manages its counterparty exposure to mitigate credit losses and will make adjustments as needed to protect its balance sheet.

12. COMMODITY DERIVATIVE GAINS (LOSSES)

	Three months ended Ma	Three months ended March 31	
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	
Realized gains (losses)	(59.7)	56.3	
Unrealized gains (losses)	(83.2)	258.6	
Commodity derivative gains (losses)	(142.9)	314.9	

13. OTHER INCOME (LOSS)

	Three months	Three months ended March 31	
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	
Long-term investments	2.2	(5.5)	
Gain (loss) on capital dispositions	(17.3)	307.5	
Government subsidy for decommissioning expenditures	6.1	_	
Other	1.3	1.5	
Other income (loss)	(7.7)	303.5	

⁽²⁾ Adjusted working capital deficiency is calculated as accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term compensation liability net of equity derivative contracts, less cash, accounts receivable, prepaids and deposits, including deposit on acquisition and long-term investments.

14. INTEREST EXPENSE

	Three months e	ended March 31
(\$ millions)	2021	2020
Interest expense on long-term debt	23.9	27.3
Unrealized gain on CCS - interest and interest derivative contracts	(0.1)	(17.8)
Interest expense	23.8	9.5

15. FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN

	Three months e	Three months ended March 31	
(\$ millions)	2021	2020	
Realized gain (loss) on CCS - principal	(13.6)	62.0	
Translation of US dollar long-term debt	25.5	(197.9)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on CCS - principal and foreign exchange swaps	(9.1)	142.1	
Other	(1.4)	2.6	
Foreign exchange gain	1.4	8.8	

16. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The following table reconciles the number of restricted shares, Employee Share Value Plan ("ESVP") awards, Performance Share Units ("PSUs") and Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") for the three months ended March 31, 2021:

	Restricted Shares	ESVP	PSUs (1)	DSUs
Balance, beginning of period	4,704,129	10,449,383	3,789,689	1,278,263
Granted	2,008	8,689	2,053,574	36,361
Redeemed	(335,810)	_	_	_
Forfeited	(26,137)	(206,016)	_	_
Balance, end of period	4,344,190	10,252,056	5,843,263	1,314,624

⁽¹⁾ Based on underlying units before any effect of performance multipliers.

The following tables provide summary information regarding stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2021:

	Stock Options (number of units)	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Balance, beginning of period	5,940,871	3.92
Granted	2,314	3.87
Exercised	(15,036)	3.97
Balance, end of period	5,928,149	3.91

Range of exercise prices (\$)	Number of stock options outstanding	Weighted average remaining term for options outstanding (years)	Weighted average exercise price per share for options outstanding (\$)	Number of stock options exercisable	Weighted average exercise price per share for options exercisable (\$)
1.09 - 1.35	3,326,056	6.00	1.09	_	_
1.36 - 4.52	1,035,723	4.97	3.94	396,600	3.97
4.53 - 9.86	123,338	4.76	8.04	39,519	8.65
9.87 - 10.06	1,443,032	3.78	10.06	865,821	10.06
	5,928,149	5.25	3.91	1,301,940	8.16

The volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares was \$4.49 per share during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options on the date of the grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The following weighted average assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the stock options at their grant date:

	Three months ende	d March 31
	2021	2020
Grant date share price (\$)	3.87	_
Exercise price (\$)	3.87	_
Expected annual dividends (\$)	0.01	_
Expected volatility (%)	58.49 %	— %
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.41 %	— %
Expected life of stock option (years)	4.9	_
Fair value per stock option (\$)	1.85	_

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are comprised of cash, accounts receivable, long-term investments, derivative assets and liabilities, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

a) Carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amount due to the short-term nature of those instruments. The fair value of the amounts drawn on bank credit facilities is equal to its carrying amount as the facilities bear interest at floating rates and credit spreads that are indicative of market rates. These financial instruments are classified as financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and are reported at amortized cost.

Crescent Point's derivative assets and liabilities and long-term investments are transacted in active markets, classified as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and fair valued at each period with the resulting gain or loss recorded in net income.

At March 31, 2021, the senior guaranteed notes had a carrying value of \$1.85 billion and a fair value of \$1.84 billion (December 31, 2020 - \$1.87 billion and \$1.85 billion, respectively).

Derivative assets and liabilities

Derivative assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative contracts. Crescent Point's derivative assets and liabilities are classified as Level 2 with values based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors. Accordingly, the Company's derivative financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are reported at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in net income.

The following table summarizes the fair value as at March 31, 2021 and the change in fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2021:

(\$ millions)	Commodity (1)	Interest (2)	Foreign exchange ⁽³⁾	Equity	Total
Derivative assets (liabilities), beginning of period	(26.3)	7.3	205.0	11.0	197.0
Unrealized change in fair value	(83.2)	0.1	(9.1)	10.5	(81.7)
Derivative assets (liabilities), end of period	(109.5)	7.4	195.9	21.5	115.3
Derivative assets, end of period	1.6	9.6	199.5	21.5	232.2
Derivative liabilities, end of period	(111.1)	(2.2)	(3.6)	_	(116.9)

⁽¹⁾ Includes oil and gas contracts.

b) Risks associated with financial assets and liabilities

The Company is exposed to financial risks from its financial assets and liabilities. The financial risks include market risk relating to commodity prices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity price as well as credit and liquidity risk.

Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk on crude oil, NGLs and natural gas revenues as well as power on electricity consumption. To manage a portion of this risk, the Company has entered into various derivative agreements.

⁽²⁾ Includes interest payments on CCS and interest derivative contracts.

⁽³⁾ Includes principal portion of CCS and foreign exchange contracts.

The following table summarizes the unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's commodity financial derivative contracts and the resulting impact on income before tax due to fluctuations in commodity prices or differentials, with all other variables held constant:

	Impact on Income Before Tax		ax Impact on Income Before Ta	
(\$ millions)	Three months ended March 31, 2021		Thr	ee months ended March 31, 2020
	Increase 10%	Decrease 10%	Increase 10%	Decrease 10%
Commodity price				
Crude oil	(96.8)	96.3	(32.0)	29.1
Natural gas	(1.3)	1.3	_	_
Differential				
Crude oil	0.8	(8.0)	_	_

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on bank credit facilities to the extent of changes in market interest rates. Based on the Company's floating rate debt position net of interest rate swaps, as at March 31, 2021, a 1 percent increase or decrease in the interest rate on floating rate debt would have a nominal impact on income before tax (three months ended March 31, 2020 - \$0.5 million) on an annualized basis.

The following table summarizes the unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's interest derivative contracts and the resulting impact on income before tax due to the respective changes in the applicable forward interest rates, with all other variables held constant:

	Impact on Inc	Impact on Income Before Tax		ome Before Tax
(\$ millions)	Thre	Three months ended March 31, 2021		e months ended March 31, 2020
Forward interest rates	Increase 50 basis points	Decrease 50 basis points	Increase 50 basis points	Decrease 50 basis points
Interest rate swaps	4.0	(4.0)	3.1	(3.1)

Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in relation to its US dollar denominated long-term debt, investment in U.S. subsidiaries and in relation to its crude oil sales. Crescent Point enters into various CCS and foreign exchange swaps to hedge its foreign exchange exposure on its US dollar denominated long-term debt. To partially mitigate the foreign exchange risk relating to crude oil sales, the Company has fixed crude oil contracts to settle in Cdn\$ WTI.

The following table summarizes the resulting unrealized gains (losses) impacting income before tax due to the respective changes in the period end and applicable foreign exchange rates, with all other variables held constant:

(\$ millions)	Exchange Rate	Impact on Income Before Tax Three months ended March 31, 2021		•	ncome Before Tax ee months ended March 31, 2020
Cdn\$ relative to US\$		Increase 10%	Decrease 10%	Increase 10%	Decrease 10%
US dollar long-term debt	Period End	188.0	(188.0)	200.6	(200.6)
Cross currency swaps	Forward	(199.3)	199.3	(220.0)	220.0
Foreign exchange swaps	Forward	(3.8)	3.8	(2.7)	2.7

Equity price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk on its own share price in relation to certain share-based compensation plans detailed in Note 16 - "Share-based Compensation". The Company has entered into total return swaps to mitigate its exposure to fluctuations in its share price by fixing the future settlement cost on a portion of the cash settled plan.

The following table summarizes the unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's equity derivative contracts and the resulting impact on income before tax due to the respective changes in the applicable share price, with all other variables held constant:

	Impact on Inc	Impact on Income Before Tax		come Before Tax
(\$ millions)		Three months ended March 31, 2021		ee months ended March 31, 2020
Share price	Increase 50%	Decrease 50%	Increase 50%	Decrease 50%
Total return swaps	21.0	(21.0)	_	_

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to its physical oil and gas sales, financial counterparty and joint venture receivables. A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. To mitigate credit risk associated with its physical sales portfolio, Crescent Point obtains financial assurances such as parental guarantees, letters of credit and third party credit insurance. Including these assurances, approximately 97 percent of the Company's oil and gas sales are with entities considered investment grade.

At March 31, 2021, approximately 3 percent (December 31, 2020 - 5 percent) of the Company's accounts receivable balance was outstanding for more than 90 days and the Company's average expected credit loss was 1.03 percent (December 31, 2020 - 0.90 percent) on a portion of the Company's accounts receivable balance relating to joint venture receivables.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages its liquidity risk through managing its capital structure and continuously monitoring forecast cash flows and available credit under existing banking arrangements as well as other potential sources of capital.

At March 31, 2021, the Company had available unused borrowing capacity on bank credit facilities of approximately \$2.72 billion, including \$5.0 million outstanding letters of credit and cash of \$24.0 million.

c) Derivative contracts

The following is a summary of the derivative contracts in place as at March 31, 2021:

Financial WTI Crude Oil Derivative Contracts – Canadian Dollar (1)								
	_	Swap	Collar		Three-way Collar			
Term	Volume (bbls/d) ⁽²⁾	Average Price (\$/bbl)	Average Sold Call Price (\$/bbl)	Average Bought Put Price (\$/bbl)	Volume (bbls/d)	Average Sold Call Price (\$/bbl)	Average Bought Put Price (\$/bbl)	Average Sold Put Price (\$/bbl)
2021 April - December	41,284	63.68	_	_	1,000	65.35	60.00	50.00
2022	4,462	70.40	76.49	64.00	1,000	82.63	71.00	61.00

⁽¹⁾ The volumes and prices reported are the weighted average volumes and prices for the period.

⁽²⁾ Total weighted average volumes for collar contracts is 1,000 bbl/d in 2022.

Financial WTI Crude Oil Differential Derivative Contracts — Canadian Dollar (1)					
Term	Volume (bbls/d)	Contract	Basis	Fixed Differential (\$/bbl)	
2021 April - September	2,995	Basis Swap	WCS (2)	(15.23)	
2021 April - September	1,497	Basis Swap	MSW (3)	(5.30)	

⁽¹⁾ The volumes and prices reported are the weighted average volumes and prices for the period.

⁽³⁾ MSW refers to Mixed Sweet Blend crude oil differential.

Financial AECO Natural Gas Derivative Contracts – Canadian Dollar (1)		
Term	Average Volume (GJ/d)	Average Swap Price (\$/GJ)
2021 April - October	25,000	2.38

⁽¹⁾ The volumes and prices reported are the weighted average volumes and prices for the period.

Financial Interest Rate Derivative Contracts – Canadian Dollar		Notional Principal	
Term	Contract	(\$ millions)	Fixed Rate (%)
April 2021 - March 2023	Swap	50.0	0.92
April 2021 - August 2023	Swap	50.0	0.81
April 2021 - August 2023	Swap	50.0	0.95
April 2021 - September 2023	Swap	50.0	0.95
April 2021 - August 2024	Swap	100.0	0.87

⁽²⁾ WCS refers to Western Canadian Select crude oil differential.

Financial Cross Currency Deriv	ative Contracts				
Term	Contract	Receive Notional Principal (US\$ millions)	Fixed Rate (US%)	Pay Notional Principal (Cdn\$ millions)	Fixed Rate (Cdn%)
April 2021	Swap	240.0	2.16	301.5	2.10
April 2021	Swap	82.0	5.13	79.0	5.83
April 2021 - June 2021	Swap	52.5	3.29	56.3	3.59
April 2021 - May 2022	Swap	170.0	4.00	166.9	5.03
April 2021 - April 2023	Swap	61.5	4.12	80.3	3.71
April 2021 - June 2023	Swap	270.0	3.78	274.7	4.32
April 2021 - June 2024	Swap	257.5	3.75	276.4	4.03
April 2021 - April 2025	Swap	82.0	4.30	107.0	3.98
April 2021 - April 2025	Swap	230.0	4.08	291.1	4.13
April 2021 - April 2027	Swap	20.0	4.18	25.3	4.25

Financial Foreign Exchange Forward Derivative Contracts					
		Receive Notional	Pay Notional		
		Principal	Principal		
Settlement Date	Contract	(US\$ millions)	(Cdn\$ millions)		
May 2022	Swap	30.0	32.2		

Financial Equity Derivative Contracts		Notional Principal	
Term	Contract	(\$ millions)	Number of shares
April 2021 - April 2022	Swap	8.9	3,691,984
April 2021 - April 2023	Swap	8.2	3,648,884
April 2021 - April 2024	Swap	3.5	691,984

18. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES

Cash flow statement presentation

Three months		ed March 31
(\$ millions)	2021	2020
Operating activities		
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(53.1)	99.2
Prepaids and deposits	1.7	(5.6)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	71.5	(49.8)
Other current liabilities	18.3	(1.7)
Other long-term liabilities	8.8	(9.0)
	47.2	33.1
Investing activities		
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	2.3	2.8
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(13.5)	(19.0)
	(11.2)	(16.2)

Supplementary financing cash flow information

The Company's reconciliation of cash flow from financing activities is outlined in the table below:

(\$ millions)	Dividends payable	Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	Lease liability (2)
December 31, 2020	1.3	2,259.6	156.5
Changes from cash flow from financing activities:			
Decrease in bank debt, net		(84.7)	
Realized loss on cross currency swap maturity		(13.6)	
Cash dividends paid	(1.3)		
Payments on principal portion of lease liability			(5.1)
Non-cash changes:			
Cash dividends declared	1.3		
Additions			0.3
Foreign exchange		(11.9)	
March 31, 2021	1.3	2,149.4	151.7
December 31, 2019	5.3	2,905.1	181.2
Changes from cash flow from financing activities:			
Decrease in bank debt, net		(337.5)	
Repayment of senior guaranteed notes		(224.4)	
Realized gain on cross currency swap maturity		62.0	
Cash dividends paid	(5.3)		
Payments on principal portion of lease liability			(7.9)
Non-cash changes:			
Cash dividends declared	5.3		
Additions			0.3
Foreign exchange		134.0	0.3
March 31, 2020	5.3	2,539.2	173.9

⁽¹⁾ Includes current portion of long-term debt.

19. GEOGRAPHICAL DISCLOSURE

The following table reconciles oil and gas sales by country and product type:

	Three months en	ded March 31
(\$ millions) ⁽¹⁾	2021	2020
Canada		
Crude oil sales	460.3	420.8
NGL sales	33.5	22.2
Natural gas sales	17.8	16.9
Total Canada	511.6	459.9
U.S.		
Crude oil sales	98.5	80.5
NGL sales	11.7	5.3
Natural gas sales	8.4	2.7
Total U.S.	118.6	88.5
Total oil and gas sales	630.2	548.4

⁽¹⁾ Oil and gas sales are reported before realized derivatives.

⁽²⁾ Includes current portion of lease liability.

The following table reconciles non-current assets by country:

(\$ millions)	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Canada	5,423.6	5,520.6
U.S.	808.8	846.6
Total	6,232.4	6,367.2

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acquisition of Kaybob Duvernay Assets

On April 1, 2021, Crescent Point completed the acquisition of Shell Canada Energy's Kaybob Duvernay assets in Alberta. Including closing adjustments, total consideration was approximately \$671.4 million in cash and 50.0 million common shares of Crescent Point, which is expected to be allocated substantially to PP&E. Cash consideration was accessed through the Company's credit facility and included the deposit on acquisition of \$45.0 million.

Directors

Barbara Munroe, Chair (6)

Laura Cillis (1)(2)

James Craddock (1)(3)(5)

John Dielwart (3) (4)

Ted Goldthorpe (1) (5)

Mike Jackson (1)(2)(5)

Jennifer Koury (2) (4)

Francois Langlois (3) (4) (5)

Myron Stadnyk (2) (3) (4)

Craig Bryksa (4)

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors
- $^{(2)}\,\mathrm{Member}$ of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors
- (3) Member of the Reserves Committee of the Board of Directors
- (4) Member of the Environment, Safety and Sustainability Committee of the Board of Directors
- (5) Member of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee
- ⁽⁶⁾ Chair of the Board serves in an *ex officio* capacity on each Committee

Officers

Craig Bryksa

President and Chief Executive Officer

Ken Lamont Chief Financial Officer

Ryan Gritzfeldt

Chief Operating Officer

Brad Borggard Senior Vice President, Corporate Planning and Capital Markets

Maul. Easl.

Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

Garret Holt

Senior Vice President, Corporate Development

Head Office

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Banker

The Bank of Nova Scotia Calgary, Alberta

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Calgary, Alberta

Legal Counsel

Norton Rose Fulbright Canada LLP Calgary, Alberta

Evaluation Engineers

GLJ Ltd.

Calgary, Alberta

Sproule Associates Ltd. Calgary, Alberta

Registrar and Transfer Agent

Investors are encouraged to contact Crescent Point's Registrar and Transfer Agent for information regarding their security holdings:

Computershare Trust Company of Canada 600, 530 - 8th Avenue S.W. Calgary, Alberta T2P 3S8 Tel: (403) 267-6800

Stock Exchanges

Toronto Stock Exchange - TSX New York Stock Exchange - NYSE

Stock Symbol

CPG

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